	INDIAN CONSTITUTIONAL LAW & NEW CHALLEN	GES	
	& Date: Thursday, 16-11-2017 : 02.30 PM to 05.00 PM	Max. Marks:	70
Instru	 uctions: 1) Q. No.1 is compulsory. 2) Answer any four out of Q. No. 2 to Q. No. 8. 3) All questions carry equal marks. 		
Q.1	 Short Notes. (Any two out of four) a) Independence of Judiciary b) Election Commission in India c) Right to Education d) Tribunals 		14
Q.2	Critically examine the right to Freedom of Speech and Expression g under the Indian Constitution along with the restriction imposed on?	juaranteed	14
Q.3	Discuss with the help of leading case the relationship in between Fu Rights and Directive Principles of State Policy.	ndamental	14
Q.4	Explain the concept of 'Minority' under Article 30 of the Indian Const What is the extent of right of Minorities to establish and administer th Institution?		14
Q.5	Discuss the concept of Public Interest Litigation? Elaborate the mean 'Locus Standi'.	ning of	14
Q.6	Define "State"? How the Judiciary widened the definition in the wake Panchayat Government? Discuss in the light of suitable case laws.	of Local	14
Q.7	Elaborate the Phrases "Equality before Laws" and "Equal Protection as mentioned in Article 14 with giving an example with the help of re Case laws.		14
Q.8	What is mean by Women Empowerment? Discuss in detail the vario	us	14

Constitutional provisions in relation to Women Empowerment.

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Seat	
No.	

LL.M (Semester - I) (CBCS) Examination Oct/Nov-2017 LEGAL EDUCATION AND RESEARCH METHODOLOGY - I

Day & Date: Saturday, 18-11-2017 Time: 02.30 PM to 05.00 PM

Instructions: 1) Answer any five Questions out of any eight questions.

- 2) All questions carry equal marks.
- 3) Question No. 1 is compulsory.

Q.1 Answer any Two of the following (Short Notes)

- a) Characteristics of legal research.
- **b)** Importance of hypothesis in legal research.
- c) Meaning and characteristics of "Sample".d) Doctrinal and non-doctrinal research.
- Q.2 Elaborate and discuss the methods of teaching, highlighting its suitability at the 14
 Post Graduate teaching level.
- **Q.3** Write an essay on "Clinical legal education".
- Q.4 What are the benefits of Seminar Method of teaching? Share your experience of 14 participation in any seminar.
- Q.5 Explain the different Research Methods and its importance in legal education. 14
- **Q.6** Explain in detail the preparation of the research design.
- Q.7 Discuss in brief various methods of data collection. Describe the advantages of 14 interview method of data collection over other methods.
- Q.8 Formulate a title, problem, rationale and objectives for any one of the following topics to undertake a socio legal research.
 - a) Domestic violence.
 - b) Bio-medical waste.

Max. Marks: 70

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Seat No.	Set	Ρ
	LL.M (Semester - I) (CBCS) Examination Oct/Nov-2017 LAW OF IDUSTRIAL AND INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY	
	& Date: Tuesday, 21-11-2017 Max. Marks 02.30 P.M to 05.00 P.M	s: 70
Instru	 actions: 1) Answer five Questions. 2) All questions carry equal marks. 3) Question No. 1 is compulsory. 	
Q.1	 Answer any TWO of the following. (Short Notes) a) Unfair Trade Practices of IPR-the Indian situation. b) Patent co-operation Treaty. c) Need and scope of law reforms regarding social problems of proof of infringement. d) Patent Examination in India. 	14
Q.2	Explain in detail the freedom of speech and expression as the basis of the regime of Intellectual Property Right.	14
Q.3	Write an explanatory note on nature and types of Bio-technology Patents and also write TRIPS obligations regarding patent over new forms of life.	14
Q.4	The Intellectual Property Rights are protected at national as well as International level. Discuss various provisions which are available at International level for the protection of IPR.	14
Q.5	Write a detailed note on status of computer software in copyright and patent law.	14
Q.6	With the help of decided cases examine the legal status of hazardous research protected by the regime of Intellectual Property Law.	14
Q.7	Discuss in detail the regulation of Environment and health hazards in Bio-technology patents.	14
Q.8	Write an explanatory note on provisions of TRIPS agreement and the Indian law on status of intellectual property in transit.	14

Seat No.	Set	Ρ
10.	LL.M (Semester - I) (CBCS) Examination Oct/Nov-2017 LEGAL REGULATION OF ECONOMIC ENTERPRISE	
	Date: Thursday, 23-11-2017 Max. Marks 02.30 P.M to 05.00 P.M	s: 70
Instru	 ctions: 1) Answer any four out of Q. No. 2 to Q. No 8. 2) All questions carry equal marks. 3) Question No. 1 is compulsory. 	
Q.1	 Short Notes. (Any two out of four) a) Industrial Unit b) Licensing Policy c) Telecom Regulatory Authority d) Investment Abroad – Rules and Regulation. 	14
Q.2	Discuss the recent Government Policy on Fairness in Competition.	14
Q.3	What steps to be followed to take over Management o any Industrial Unit?	14
Q.4	Explain the recent trend of State in regulating the financial services.	14
Q.5	Discuss the Equity and Debt finance in Capital issue.	14
Q.6	What steps to be taken by the State about the Mass Disaster and Environmental Degradation?	14
Q.7	Give reasons for sick industry. Do you think Winding up will be an better option than allowing Nationalization. Discuss.	14
Q.8	Discuss on Collaboration agreements for technology transfer by the Multi National.	14

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Day & Date: Friday, 17-11-2017

Time: 02.30 PM to 05.00 PM

LL.M (Semester - II) (CBCS) Examination Oct/Nov-2017 LAW AND SOCIAL TRANSFORAMTION IN INDIA

Instru	 actions: 1) Answer any five out Eight Questions. 2) Question No. 1 is compulsory. 3) All Questions carry equal marks. 	
Q.1	 Answer any TWO out of the following a) Religious Minorities and the Law. b) Protective Discrimination. c) Indian Marxist critique of law and justice. d) Reform of court process: Criminal law 	
Q.2	What are the various local self governing bodies in rural and urban areas in India? Evaluate their contribution in the Decentralization of Democratic Governance.	
Q.3	Discuss impact of Right to Education on Eradication of Child Labour in India.	
Q.4	"The ultimate aim of the Law is to change Society but tradition and culture create hindrance to it." Comment.	
Q.5	How does community as a social institution work as a divisible factor irrespective of the fact that India is a Secular State?	
Q.6	What are the various offences relating to women under IPC? Justify your opinion about the efficacy of this law.	

- **Q.7** Discuss "the Jurisprudence of Sarvodaya" in detail.
- Q.8 Explain interaction between Law and Traditions with special reference to14 Gender Injustice and Child Labour.

Max. Marks: 70

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LL.M (Semester - II) (CBCS) Examination Oct/Nov-2017 CORPORATE LAW

Day & Date: Monday, 20-11-2017 Time: 02.30 P.M to 05.00 P.M

Max. Marks: 70

Instructions: 1) Answer five out eight questions.

- 2) Question No.1 is compulsory.
- 3) All Questions carry equal marks.

Q.1	Write in detail about nature, purpose and types of business Enterprises and classification of companies and various theories of corporate personality.	14
Q.2	Discuss in detail about formation of company and pre incorporation Contract and Right duties of promoter.	14
Q.3	Elaborately explain about meaning of memorandum of Association and Doctrine of Ultra-vires and its impact.	14
Q.4	Write in detail about administration of Company law and it's Authorities their composition, power & Jurisdiction.	14
Q.5	Discuss the concept off Article of Association and Doctrine of Indoor Management and it's scope, effect and exception.	14
Q.6	Critically discuss about winding up of Company and it's various modes and effect of winding up.	14

Q.7 Write in detail about Importance of Corporate Governance and social 14 responsibility and different Legal Reform on it and How it helpful for corporate sector.

(7x2=14) Q.8 Write short notes on any two:-14

- Prospectus. a)
- b) Debentures
- C) Rule of Foss v/s Harbottle
- Fixed and Floating charges d)

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LL.M (Semester - II) (CBCS) Examination Oct/Nov-2017 COMPANY AND SECURITIES LAW

Day & Date: Wednesday, 22-11-2017 Time: 02.30 P.M to 05.00 P.M

Instructions: 1) Answer five questions.

- 2) Question No.1 is compulsory.
- 3) All Questions carry equal marks.
- Q.1 Write in detail about Directors and Other managerial and personnel and their14 Qualification, disqualification Appointment and Removal.
- Q.2 Explain various modes of winding up of Company and write a note on14 Appointment, power and duties of liquidators.
- Q.3 Write a detail note on Amalgamation and Merger of Company and its impact. 14
- Q.4 Define the various meetings of Company and How it is helpful for Company. 14
- Q.5Discuss the term Auditor and their Appointment, Qualification and14Disqualification.
- Q.6 Discuss in detail on meaning, growth and regulation of Multination and
 Transnational companies and Why Internation competition and co-operation is important for Economic Policy.
- Q.7 Critically discuss about Oppression and Mismanagement of Company and its effect and write about various Relief available against the Oppression and Mismanagement.

Q.8 Write short notes on any two:-

- a) SEBI And its guidelines.
- **b)** Securities law in India.
- **c)** Audit Committee and its importance.
- d) Cross-frontier Merger.

Max. Marks: 70

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No.	Set	Ρ
	LL.M (Semester - II) (CBCS) Examination Oct/Nov-2017 CYBER LAW	
	Date: Friday, 24-11-2017 Max. Marks 02.30 P.M to 05.00 P.M	s: 70
Instru	 Answer any five out eight questions. 2) Question No.1 is compulsory. 3) All Questions carry equal marks. 	
Q.1	 Answer any TWO of the following. a) Net Neutrality b) Computer and Web Technology c) Social Networking sites and human rights. d) E-commerce Security. 	14
Q.2	Information and Technology Act, 2000 is based on UNICITRAL model law, 1998. Discuss evolution of IT Act. And its salient features.	14
Q.3	Distinguish between Cyber Crimes and Traditional Crimes. Critically analyze legal mechanism available to tackle various forms of Cyber Crimes in India.	14
Q.4	Write a detailed note on International Law governing Censorship, Online Privacy and Copyright Regulation.	14
Q.5	Explain in detail the Cyber Law in its International perspective.	
Q.6	Write a detailed note on meaning, definition and concept of Computer Security.	14
Q.7	Write a note on Authorities established under Information Technology Act, 2000 and their powers and functions.	14
Q.8	What are the legal issues and challenges in India relating to Cyber Law?	14

Seat No.	Set	Ρ
	LL.M (Semester - III) (CBCS) Examination Oct/Nov-2017 CORPORATE FINANCE	
	Date: Saturday, 25-11-2017 Max. Mark 02.30 P.M to 05.00 P.M	s: 70
Instru	 Answer any four out of Q. No. 2 to Q. No. 8. 2) Question No. 1 is compulsory. 3) All Questions carry equal marks. 	
Q.1	 Short Notes:- (Any two out of four) a) Deposits and Acceptance b) Control of payment of dividends c) RBI d) FDI and NRI Investment 	14
Q.2	Explain the meaning, importance and scope of Corporate Finance.	14
Q.3	Explain the issue and Allotment of Shares take place without monetary consideration.	14
Q.4	What is Debenture? How Debenture can be convertible into Shares. Discuss.	14
Q.5	What is Inter-Corporate loans and investments? Discuss.	14
Q.6	Explain how the Rights in making Company decision will affect the Creditor Interest.	14
Q.7	What are Conversion, Consolidation and Re-organisation of Shares? Explain.	14
Q.8	Explain FDI and NRI investment in Corporate Finance.	14

Seat No.		Set	Ρ		
	LL.M (Semester - III) (CBCS) Examination Oct/Nov-2017 SOCIAL SECURITY LEGISLATION				
	Date: Tuesday, 28-1 ² 02.30 P.M to 05.00 P.		s: 70		
Instru	2) Question N	y four out of Q. No. 2 to Q. No. 8. lo. 1 is compulsory. ns carry equal marks.			
Q.1	 Short Notes. (Any ty a) Beneficiaries b) Forfeiture c) Commissioner d) Central Board o 	n Provident Fund.	14		
Q.2	Explain the functionin Compensation Law.	ng of Charitable Institutions to the Model of Workmen's	14		
Q.3	Which things to be co treated a Fundament	overed in the list of Social Security measures as to be al Right?	14		
Q.4	What is the Role of T	rade Union in promoting the social security scheme?	14		
Q.5	What is the main pur	pose of introducing the Minimum Wages Act 1948?	14		
Q.6	What are the criteria Forfeiture takes place	to be fixed to entitle the Maternity Benefits? How the	14		
Q.7	Discuss the Substant on Workmen.	ive and Procedural provisions related to Compensation	14		
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How the family pension scheme is beneficial to any workmen according to Act. 1952? Q.8 14

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	LL.M (Semester - III) (CBCS) Examination Oct/Nov-2017 WOMEN AND CHILD LABOUR					
	Date: Thursday, 30-11-2017 Max. Marks 02.30 P.M to 05.00 P.M	3: 70				
Instru	 actions: 1) Answer five out eight Questions. 2) Question No. 1 is compulsory. 3) All Questions carry equal marks. 					
Q.1	 Answer any TWO of the following. a) Special Marriage Act, 1995 b) Protection of women from Domestic Violence Act, 2005. c) Prohibition of Child Marriage Act, 2006. d) Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of Children) Act, 2000. 	14				
Q.2	Discuss in detail the status and position of women in different periods in India.	14				
Q.3	What are the contemporary issues relating to women? What special initiatives have been taken for women?	14				
Q.4	Write a detailed note on Educational Right of children.	14				
Q.5	"The international regime covers various aspects relating to children". Discuss.	14				
Q.6	Write a note on various rights and protections conferred on women at International Level?	14				
Q.7	Discuss the National Commission for Protection of Child Rights.	14				
Q.8	What is the position of women under special laws in India?	14				

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LL.M (Semester - IV) (New) (CBCS) Examination Oct/Nov-2017 PREVENTION AND CONTROL OF POLLUTION

Day & Date: Monday, 27-11-2017 Time: 02.30 P.M to 05.00 P.M

Instructions: 1) Q. No.1 is Compulsory.

- 2) Answer any four out Q.No.2 to Q. No.8.
- 3) All Questions carry equal marks.
- Q.1 Discuss in detail the meaning, nature and definition of the term
 "Environmental Pollution" and various kinds of pollution. Elucidate the duties of State and Citizens to protect and promote natural Environment under Part III and IV of Indian Constitution.
- Q.2 Critically examine sources, effects and statutory Control of Radiation
 Pollution with reference to the Atomic Energy Act with relevant case laws in India. Do you suggest any amendment in the Act to prevent abuse of Atomic Substances?
- Q.3 Discuss in detail the sources and effects of Water Pollution and explain the composition and functions of Central Board, State Board and Joint Boards for prevention and control of water pollution with reference to water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act with the help of decided cases.
- Q.4 Critically examine the sources and effects of Air Pollution and explain the composition and function of Central and State Board with reference to Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act with relevant case law. Do you suggest whether Air Act need to be Amended for an effective implementation?
- Q.5 Define the term Noise Pollution. Critically examine the sources and effects of "Noise pollution" and statutory controls with relevant case laws. State whether noise pollution covered under any statute in India?
- Q.6 Define the term "Waste". Critically examine the various kinds of waste recognised under Environment (Protection) Act and explain the various kinds of disposal agencies in India.
- Q.7 Define the term Pollution with reference to Water Act, Air Act and Noise Act and explain in detail various sanctions against pollution under Civil and Criminal Laws in India with the help decided case laws.
- Q.8Answer any two of the following short notes:-
a) Meaning, sources and control of Land Pollution.
b) Incentives to Pollution Control14
 - c) Environment pollution control under other general laws.
 - d) Environment Protection and Judicial Activism

Max. Marks: 70

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Seat No.			Set P
		LL.M. (Semester - IV) (Old) Examination Oct/Nov PENOLOGY	-2017
		e: Monday, 27-11-2017 30 P.M to 05.30 P.M	Max. Marks: 60
Instru	uctio	 ns: 1) Q.1, 2 and Q.6 are compulsory. 2) solve any ONE from Question No.3 to 5 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks 	
Q.1	A)	 Multiple Choice Questions. 1) The punishment for Criminal intimidation is a) Imprisonment up to 2 years or fine or with both b) Imprisonment up to 3 years or fine or with both c) Imprisonment up to 5 years or fine or with both d) None of the above 	06
		 2) Any Attempt to commit Robbery is a) Bailableb) Non-Bailableb) Non-Bailabled) None 	
		 3) Un-natural offences are a) Bailableb) Non-Bailable c) (a) & (b)d) None 	
		 4) Procuration of minor girl, the punishment is	
		5) Mischief is an offence are a) Bailable b) Non-Bailable c) (a) & (b) d) None	
		 6) The Punishment for Adultery is a) Imprisonment for 3 years or fine or both b) Imprisonment for 5 years or fine or both c) Imprisonment for 6 years or fine or both d) Imprisonment for 7 years or fine or both 	
Q.1	B)	Fill in the blanks.1) Criminal Tresspass is offences area) Bailablec) (a) & (b)b) Non-Bailabled) None	06
		 2) Word, Gesture or Act intended to insult the modesty of a solution offence are a) Bailable b) Non-Bailable c) (a) & (b) d) None 	Women is an

- 3) Assault or use of Criminal force to a woman with intent to outrage her modesty, the offence are punishable to _____.
 - a) Imprisonment up-to 6 months or fine or both
 - b) Imprisonment up-to 2 years or fine or both
 - c) Imprisonment up-to 3 years or fine or both
 - d) Imprisonment up-to 5 years or fine or both
- 4) Giving false information in respect to an offence committed the punishment are _____.
 - a) Imprisonment for one year or fine or both
 - b) Imprisonment for two years or fine or both
 - c) Imprisonment for five years or fine or both
 - d) None of the above
- 5) Attempt to commit culpable homicide, the punishments are _____.
 - a) Imprisonment for one year or fine or both
 - b) Imprisonment for two years or fine or both
 - c) Imprisonment for three years or fine or both
 - d) Imprisonment for 5 years or fine or both
- 6) Causing death by Rash and Negligent Act, the punishments are _____.
 - a) Imprisonment for six months or fine or both
 - b) Imprisonment for one year or fine or both
 - c) Imprisonment for two years or fine or both
 - d) Imprisonment for three years or fine or both
- Q.2 Explain the need for classification of Prisoners in the Jail. How the Rights of Prisons are violated if not classified. Is there any provision in Jail Manual, if not adopted what are the remedy available to prisoners?
- Q.3 Discuss the various types of Juvenile homes in India. How Juvenile Delinquency 12 be minimized. What steps taken by the State in this regard?
- Q.4 Explain the Classical Hindu and Islamic approach on Punishment in India. What 12 changes brought by the State and the direction given by the Court to improve.
- Q.5 Explain the probation under the Probation Offenders Act. How that Probation is 12 beneficial either to State or Offender?

Q.6 Write short notes on any four:-

a) Physical Prevention

- b) Favoured mode of execution of death sentence
- c) Alternatives to imprisonment
- d) Minimum Sentence
- e) Control of Inmates and Discipline
- f) Safe guards for Juvenile.

24

Seat No.		Set F	>				
LL.M. (Semester - IV) (Old) Examination Oct/Nov-2017 COMPANY LAW – II							
		Wednesday, 29-11-2017 Max. Marks: 6 PM to 05.30 PM	30				
Instru	uctio	 s: 1) Q.1, Q.2 & Q.6 are compulsory. 2) Solve any one from question 3 to 5. 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks. 					
Q.1	A)	 A must necessarily be a director of a company. a) Manager b) Managing Director c) Proxy d) All the above 2) are the main books of account which every company is supposed to maintain with it. 	06				
		 a) Ledger Book b) Cash Book c) Dead Stock Register d) All the above 3) A special resolution requires the support of majority of shareholders present and entitled to vote at a meeting. a) 2/3 b) 3/4 c) 1/4 d) 1/5 4) The minimum number of members required to constitute a valid meeting and to transact business there at is called a) Forum b) Quorum c) Both a & b d) None of the above 5) The rule in Foss vs. Harbottle was evolved in b) 1843 c) 1943 d) 1947 					
- /	_`	 6) BIFR means Board for Industrial and Financial a) Reconstitution b) Reorganisation c) Reconstruction d) Recognition 					
Q.1	B)	 Fill in the blanks: 0 1) The dividend including the interim dividend will have to be paid within days from the date of the declaration of dividend.)6				
		 Section 397 & 398 of the Act lays down the provision for prevention of oppression and and 					
		 3) is the term commonly associated with the ending of a company's existence. 4) The directors of a company are usually appointed by the 					
		subscribers of the memorandum.All general meetings of a company other than the statutory and the annual general meeting are called meetings.					
		 means a person appointed to wind up the affairs of a company or firm. 					

Q.2	Discuss types of winding up and state who can apply for winding up.	12		
Q.3	Write a note on various kinds of resolutions and explain the relevant provisions.			
Q.4	Critically examine the rule in Foss v. Harbottle and its exception.	12		
Q.5	Explain the legal position of Auditor and state the powers and duties and auditors.			
Q.6	 Write short notes on. (Any Four) a) Dividend b) Kinds of Audit c) Appointment of Directors. d) Powers of liquidator 	24		

- e) Kinds of Meetingsf) Company Law Board

Seat No.		Set P
L	.ABC	LL.M (Semester - IV) (Old) Examination Oct/Nov-2017 OUR LAWS : SOCIAL SECURITY & COLLECTIVE BARGAINING
		e: Saturday, 02-12-2017 Max. Marks: 60 0 P.M to 05.30 P.M
Instru	uctio	 ns: 1) Q.1, 2 and Q.6 are compulsory. 2) Solve any one form question 3 to 5. 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
Q.1	A)	Multiple Choice Questions: 06 1) Act provides cash benefits in the case of sickness and maternity etc. b) Works men compensation a) ESI b) Works men compensation c) Factories d) None of these 2) Collective Bargaining is of types. b) 3 c) 4 d) 15
		 3) means cessation of work by labour for any length of time under a common understanding to put pressure on employer to accept their demands. a) Strike b) Lay off c) Lock out d) None of these 4) Employees Compensation Act applies to the workmen whose wage is less than Rs per month. a) 1600 b) 2600
		 c) 3600 d) 1000 5) Strike occurs when the workers attend to their work but do it slowly. a) Stay in b) Sit down c) Go slow d) None of these
		 6) The strike and lock out will be illegal only if it contravenes the mandatory provision under sections & of the I.D Act. a) 22 & 23 b) 24 & 25 c) 2 (1) & 2 (2) d) None of these
Q.1	B)	Give one word / one sentence answer. 06 1) What are the types of collective Bargaining? 1 2) is the anti-thesis of strike. 1 3) Appropriate Govt. means? 1 4) ESI Act. is not applicable to factories. 1 5) No contributions are payable by or on behalf of an employee whose daily wages are below Rs under ESI Act. 1 6) Funeral benefit is payable to
Q.2	Wh	ch benefits are provided to the insured employee under E.S.I. Act? Discuss 12

Q.2 Which benefits are provided to the insured employee under E.S.I. Act? Discuss 12 in detail?

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Q.3	Critically write a note on the concept "Social Security". What is the difference between social security and social welfare?	12
Q.4	Write about "the liability of employer to pay compensation and Right of a workman to receive Compensation" in the light of Employees Compensation Act.	12
Q.5	Critically write a note on "freedom of organization."	12
Q.6	 Write Short Notes on. (Any four) a) Advantages of collective bargaining. b) Gherao c) Free legal aid & social security. 	24

- Principles of Industrial adjudication. Evils of Industrialisation. Social Justice and social equity. d)
- e)́
- f)

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		•	ster - IV) (Old) Exami TION AND CONTROI	ination Oct/Nov-2017 _ OF POLLUTION	
•		: Monday, 04-12) PM to 05.30 PM	2-2017	Max. Mark	s: 60
			Q.6 are compulsory.		
		2) Attempt an	the right indicate full mark		
ຊ.1	A)	Multiple choice			06
				onstitution by constitutional (42 nd	
		a) 1975) Act in the year.	b) 1976	
		c) 1986		d) None of above	
		,	ewage Effluent" was defin Ilution) Act under section:	ed in the water (Prevention and	
		a) Section :c) Section :		b) Section : 2(d)d) None of above	
		3) The Air (Prevyear:	vention and Control of Po	llution) Act was passed in the	
		a) 1980 c) 1982		b) 1981 d) None of above	
		4) The term "Er Act under se		e Air (Prevention and Control)	
		a) Section:2		b) Section:2(c)	
		c) Section:2	2(d)	d) None of above	
		Colony welfa	•	spel in India) V.V.K.K.R. Majestic ne court of India dealt with one of	
		a) Noise Po	•	b) Water Pollution	
		c) Land Poll		d) None of Above	
		6) The water (F year:	Prevention and Control of	Pollution) Act was passed in the	
		a) 1974		b) 1975	
		c) 1979		d) None of Above	
ຊ.1	B)	Fill in the blank		and of the deploting substances	06
			layer in the atmosphere.	one of the depleting substances	
				to State government to prohibit	
		smoking in p	public places in the land m	arks case of	
		,	•••	adioactive substances was	
			e year in India Water Policy issued by th	e govt. of India in the year	
				I in Indian Penal Code under	
		section			
			vention and Control of Po	llution) Act under section ation for membership in the	

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Q

μ State Pollution Control Board.

Q.2	Discuss in detail the meaning, nature and definition of the term pollution. Explain the sources and effects of pollution on human Health.	12	
Q.3	Critically examine sources and effects of Air Pollution and explain the salient features of the Air Act.		
Q.4	Explain the meaning, nature and definition of Noise pollution and sources as well as controls of noise pollution.		
Q.5	Critically examine the functions and constitution of central, State and joint Boards under the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act.	12	
Q.6	 Write short notes. (Any Four) a) Radiation Pollution and Its resources. b) Statutory control of Land Pollution. c) Disposal and Recycling of Wastes. d) Efficiency of civil and criminal sanctions against Pollution. 	24	

- e) Incentives to Pollution Control.f) The Impact of Pollution on Natural Environment.